

ROBOTYKA (1)

[C]

31.10.2019r.

KOŁOKWIUM po 7 LISCIE
(zad. 7 z listy 5 będzie)

28.11.2019r. !

LISTA 5

$$2) 1) v_b = \begin{bmatrix} R^T \\ \omega_b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} V_b \\ \omega_b \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v_s = \begin{bmatrix} [T] \omega_s + T \\ \omega_s \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} V_s \\ \omega_s \end{bmatrix}$$

$$1^o \begin{bmatrix} R(t) & T(t) \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \text{rot}(y, \beta(t)) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

gdzie $\beta(t) = 2t$

$$[\omega_b] = R^T \dot{R} \quad [\omega_s] = \dot{R} R^T$$

$$[\omega_b] = 2 \begin{bmatrix} C_{2t} & 0 & -S_{2t} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ S_{2t} & 0 & C_{2t} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -S_{2t} & 0 & C_{2t} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -C_{2t} & 0 & -S_{2t} \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= 2 \begin{bmatrix} -C_{2t} S_{2t} \omega_{2t} & 0 & C_{2t}^2 + S_{2t}^2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -C_{2t}^2 - S_{2t}^2 & 0 & C_{2t} S_{2t} - C_{2t} S_{2t} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[\omega_s] = 2 \begin{bmatrix} -S_{2t} & 0 & C_{2t} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -C_{2t} & 0 & -S_{2t} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_{2t} & 0 & -S_{2t} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ S_{2t} & 0 & C_{2t} \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= 2 \begin{bmatrix} -S_{2t} C_{2t} \omega_{2t} & 0 & S_{2t}^2 + C_{2t}^2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -S_{2t}^2 - C_{2t}^2 & 0 & S_{2t} C_{2t} - C_{2t} S_{2t} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\omega_3 & \omega_2 \\ \omega_3 & 0 & -\omega_1 \\ -\omega_2 & \omega_1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Macierz
skosnosymetryczna

$$[\omega_b] = [\omega_s] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\omega_b = \omega_s = [0, 2, 0]^T$$

$$R^T \dot{T} = \begin{bmatrix} c_{2t} & 0 & -s_{2t} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ s_{2t} & 0 & c_{2t} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[T] \omega_b + \dot{T} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v_b = v_o = \begin{bmatrix} (0, 0, 0)^T \\ (0, 2, 0)^T \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2) \begin{bmatrix} J_3 & (1, 2, 3)^T t \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R = J_3 \quad \dot{R} = 0$$

$$[\omega_b] = [\omega_o] = 0$$

$$\omega_b = \omega_o = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R^T \dot{T} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[T] \omega_b + \dot{T} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -3 & 2t \\ 3t & 0 & -2t \\ -2t & 2t & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v_o = v_b = \begin{bmatrix} (1, 2, 3)^T \\ (0, 0, 0)^T \end{bmatrix}$$

$$3) \quad \omega_b = \omega_s = [0, 2, 0]^T$$

$$R^T \dot{T} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos 2t & 0 & -\sin 2t \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \sin 2t & 0 & \cos 2t \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos 2t - 3 \sin 2t \\ 2 \\ \sin 2t + 3 \cos 2t \end{bmatrix}$$

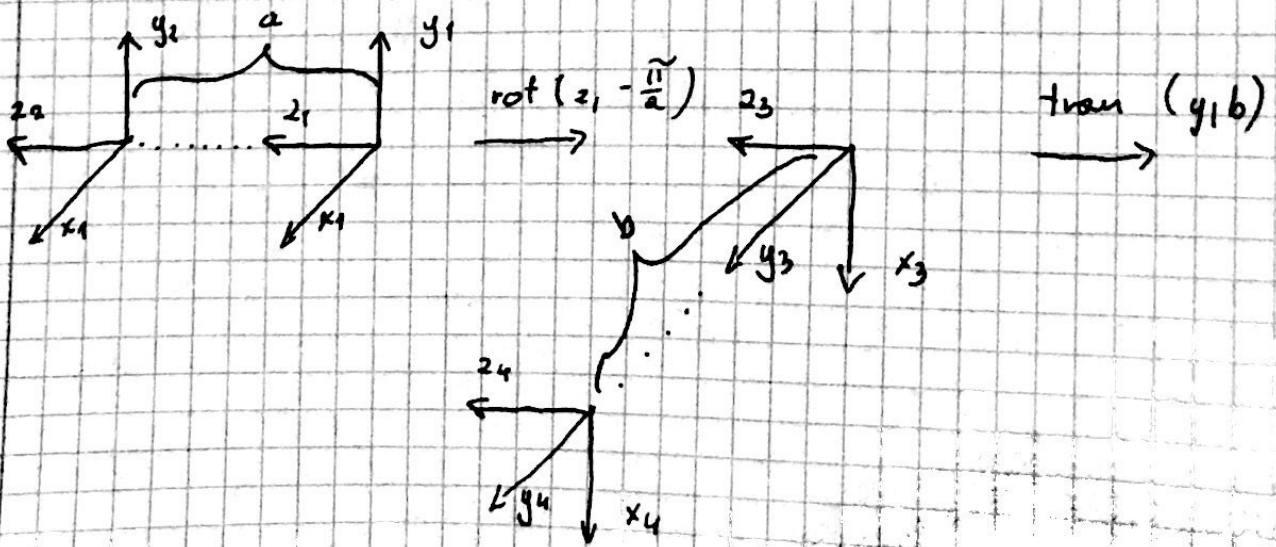
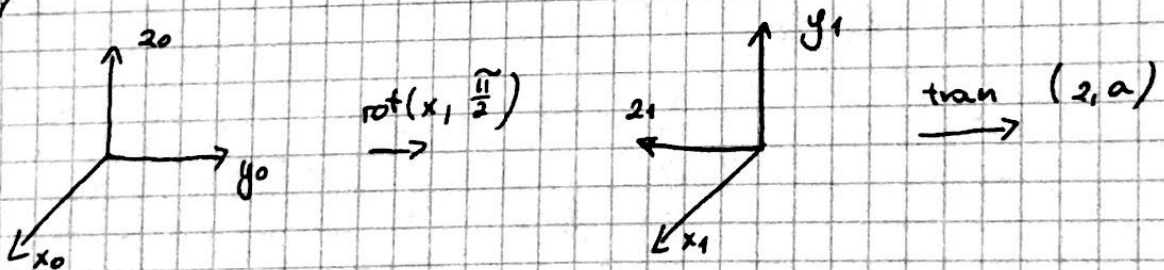
$$v_b = \begin{bmatrix} [\cos 2t + 3 \sin 2t, 2, \sin 2t + 3 \cos 2t]^T \\ [0, 2, 0]^T \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[T] \omega_b + \dot{T} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3t & 2t \\ 3t & 0 & 0 \\ -2t & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -6t + 1 \\ 2 \\ 2t + 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

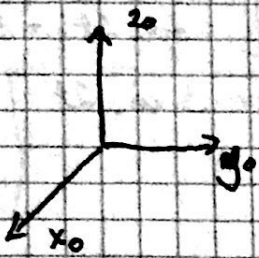
$$v_b = \begin{bmatrix} [-6t + 1, 2, 2t + 3]^T \\ [0, 2, 0]^T \end{bmatrix}$$

$$3) \quad A = \text{rot}(x, \frac{\pi}{2}) \text{ trans}(2, a) \text{ rot}(z, -\frac{\pi}{2}) \text{ trans}(y, b)$$



4)

$$A = \text{rot}(y, -\frac{\pi}{4}) \text{rot}(z, \frac{3}{4}\pi) \text{trans}(x, a) \text{rot}(x, \frac{5}{4}\pi)$$



$$\text{rot}(y, -\frac{\pi}{4})$$

4

7)

i	θ_i	d_i	α_i	α_i
1	q_1	d_1	0	$\frac{\pi}{2}$
2	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	q_2	a_2	0
3	q_3	d_3	a_3	$-\frac{\pi}{2}$

$$A_{i-1}^i = \text{rot}(z_i, \theta_i) \text{trans}(z_i, d_i) \text{trans}(x_i, a_i) \text{rot}(x_i, \alpha_i)$$